





PhD Program in Molecular Biomedicine

Wednesday, 9 October 2018 - 11:30

Seminar room, I floor, Q Building – Via Giorgieri 5



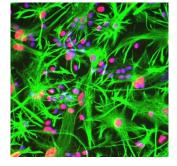
Bioanalytical and Vaccine Research

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Biochemical characterization of a Shigella conjugate vaccine

Abstract

Shigella is one of the five main pathogens causing diarrheal disease, with high morbidity and more than 800 000 fatalities annually, mainly in young children in sub-Saharan Africa and south Asia. A low infectious dose together with increasing antibiotic resistance has made vaccine development a high priority for the World Health Organization. The Global Enteric Multicenter Study showed that broad protection can potentially be achieved with a tetravalent vaccine comprising O antigens from S. sonnei and S. flexneri 2a, 3a and 6.

The preparation of conjugate vaccines involves chemical linkage of the saccharide from the bacterial surface carbohydrate to the carrier protein. The saccharide component is either the isolated O-antigen or a synthetic oligosaccharide. Alternatively, the use of an innovative biosynthetic *Escherichia coli* glycosylation system substantially simplifies the production of conjugate vaccines and has been used to produce the *S. dysenteriae* type O1 conjugate. The preparation and biochemical analysis of a *S. flexneri* 2a conjugate vaccine currently in clinical trials will be presented.





